

## ANOTHER WAIL FROM MEXICO

Maya Indians in Rebellion Cause Government Much Trouble.

## MAYAS AND YAQUIS ARE SWORN ENEMIES

The war department of Mexico, by direction of President Diaz, is trying the experiment of using Yaqui Indians to fight the Mayas. The uprising of the Maya Indians against federal authority began several months ago, and it has spread until practically all the members of the tribe are now in armed rebellion. It was President Diaz who brought the reign of the brigands in Mexico to a close many years ago by offering the bandit chiefs good positions in the army. This offer was accepted and the former outlaws were ever afterward devoted to protecting the people and the country.

The Yaqui Indians, like the Mayas, are waging a bloody conflict against the government troops, and upon the peaceful settlers of their territory in the state of Sonora. The government has been trying for several years to put down the Yaqui rebellion. It has succeeded in largely decreasing the force of Indians by capturing hundreds of them and deporting them to the Quintana Roo territory, in what was formerly Yucatan. It is more than 2000 miles from the Yaqui country to Quintana Roo. The climate of the region inhabited by the Yaquis is temperate. Quintana Roo is in the heart of the tropics. The Maya Indians formerly occupied all of what is now called Quintana Roo. They were brought under temporary subjection about ten years ago, and the new territory was created by the government and was opened up for settlement. The Mayas soon went on the warpath again, and there has been no settlement of the territory that was formerly occupied by them. The government soldiers have had all that they could do to keep the territory from being retaken by the Mayas.

The first Yaquis were deported to Yucatan about four years ago. They were set to work upon Henequin plantations. Since then hundreds of men, women and children belonging to the tribe have been captured and sent to the remote hot country. It is claimed by the government authorities that these deported Indians are all well treated and that a hard effort is being made to convert them into good citizens. It is stated by the plantation owners and managers where they are employed that they are good laborers.

The Maya Indians have been making such an incessant warfare upon the federal troops that were sent against them, during the last few months that the order was given to augment the forces of the Mexicans by organizing the Yaquis who had been deported to Quintana Roo into military companies. It is believed that this experiment of pitting the Yaquis against the Mayas would prove successful from the fact that the few

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peaceable Mayas who had come into contact with the Yaquis seemed to show a natural hatred for that race of Indians. This feeling of hatred was returned by the Yaquis. The Mayas regarded the Yaquis as having been sent to Quintana Roo to take possession of territory that once belonged to them. That of itself was something worth fighting for.

The Yaquis are a proud race and they were never known to affiliate with any other tribe of Indians. They maintained the supremacy of their territory during the period when the Apaches were in power in a wide portion of the Southwest. Many were the times that the Apaches sought to enter the Yaqui region, and each time the invaders were driven back with heavy losses of men. The Yaquis are still fighting. They want back the land which the government has taken from them. The Mayas are fighting for the same thing. But these two tribes both at war against the government with the same principal involved, are now fighting each other.

The Yaquis in Quintana Roo, who were organized into military companies, have had several fights with Mayas during the last few weeks, according to advices which have been received at the war department. The last of these fights took place a few days ago. The Mayas, fifty in number, made an attack upon a force of Yaquis, who were commanded by Sabino Poont, a former subchief of the Yaquis. The battle was a hard-fought one, and resulted in a number on each side being killed. The Yaquis won a signal victory in the end, however, capturing a number of Mayas and causing the others to beat a hasty retreat.

The experiment of making soldiers out of the Yaquis and putting them in the field to fight the Mayas has resulted so successfully that the order has been given that all warring as well as peaceful Yaquis in the state of Sonora shall be taken into custody by the federal troops as rapidly as possible and deported to Quintana Roo. Since this order was given about 800 Yaquis have been rounded up on the farms and ranches and in the villages in their own territory and are now being transported by boat from Guaymas to the nearest port of Quintana Roo, from which place they will be marched overland to the Maya country. There are many women and children in this lot. They will be placed to work upon the plantations, and the braves will be enlisted in the army. It is planned to organize a full regiment of Yaquis and to place this military force in command of Indian officers. They will be used to keep the Mayas under sub-

jection.

Many of the Yaquis who were deported in the first lots to Yucatan and Quintana Roo were separated from their families. It has been found that these Yaqui braves who were torn from their wives and children are pining for a sight of their loved ones. An appeal has just been made to President Diaz through Abel Orriz Argumedo, who is manager of a large plantation in Quintana Roo, near where the deported Yaquis are stationed, to permit these families, who were left in faraway Sonora, to join the exiles. It is expected that this permission will be granted and that the broken families will be reunited.

The new lumber yard has a carload of white, sand lime brick, from El Paso. McRae Lumber Co., want you to come around and see these fine brick.

### El Paso & Southwestern System.

#### LOCAL TIME CARD.

No. 1—From Chicago, Denver, St. Louis and Kansas City to El Paso, arrives daily. 5:10 a.m.  
No. 2—From Chicago and above points to Los Angeles, arrives daily. 3:00 p.m.  
No. 3—From El Paso to Chicago, Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis, arrives daily. 9:22 p.m.  
No. 4—From Los Angeles to Chicago, Kansas City and St. Louis, arrives daily. 3:50 p.m.

#### Cloudercraft Trains.

Mixed train leaves Alamogordo daily for Cloudercraft. 8:20 a.m.  
Mixed train arrives daily from Cloudercraft. 4:05 p.m.

#### Notice For Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M.  
Nov. 9, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Mariana M. Padilla, wife of Benito Padilla of Three Rivers, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: homestead entry No. 3755 made October 24, 1902, for the s $\frac{1}{2}$  s $\frac{1}{2}$  s $\frac{1}{2}$  s $\frac{1}{2}$  s $\frac{1}{2}$  and lots 1, 2, & 3, section 1, township 11 S. range 9 E., and that said proof will be made before H. H. Major, at Alamogordo, N. M., on December 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:  
Tomas Martinez of Three Rivers, N. M.  
Cisela Lopez of Three Rivers, N. M.  
Jesus Hernandez of Three Rivers, N. M.  
Pedro Crawford of Three Rivers, N. M.  
Eugene Van Patten, Register.  
11-16-07 41.

#### Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M.  
October 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel E. Belah, of La Luz, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: homestead entry No. 3529 made July 5, 1901, for the n $\frac{1}{2}$  n $\frac{1}{2}$  s $\frac{1}{2}$  section 20, township 15 S., range 11 E., and that said proof will be made before H. H. Major, at Alamogordo, N. M., on December 12, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:  
Alex Hill of La Luz, N. M.  
Joe W. Hill of La Luz, N. M.  
Henry Cramer of La Luz, N. M.  
Lulu Hill of La Luz, N. M.  
Eugene Van Patten, Register.  
11-9-07 41.

#### Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M.  
Nov. 15, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ralph E. Eckerson, of Alamogordo, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: homestead entry No. 4925 made October 24, 1906, for the n $\frac{1}{2}$  s $\frac{1}{2}$  section 24, township 17 S., range 9 E., and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk, at Alamogordo, N. M., on December 24, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:  
A. B. Dille of Alamogordo, N. M.  
Fred Dille of Alamogordo, N. M.  
C. T. Collins of Alamogordo, N. M.  
M. S. Ramey of Alamogordo, N. M.  
Eugene Van Patten, Register.  
11-21-07 41.

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